

# **ESRA**

Speeding behaviour & 30 km/h Support in 22 European Countries 27<sup>th</sup> November 2024

Uta Meesmann, Vias institute Belgium



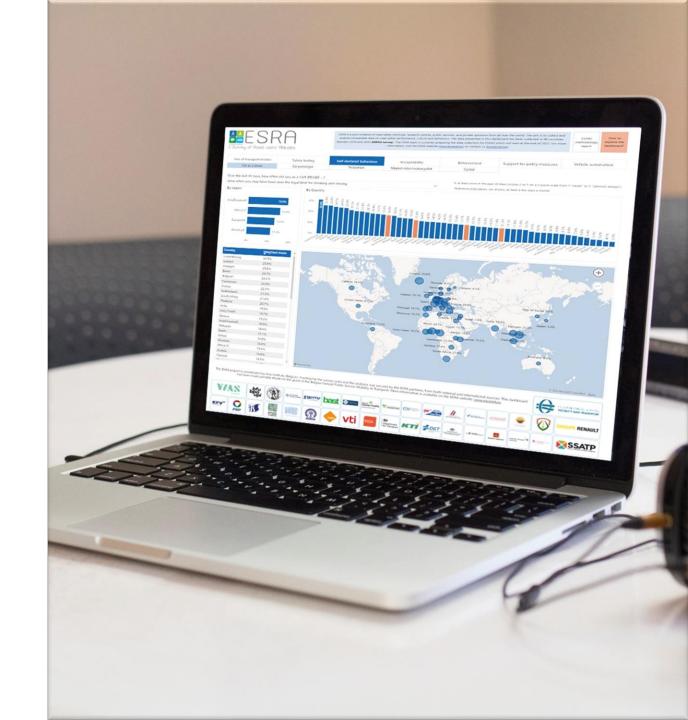
International network Coordinated by Vias institute & ESRA Steering Group Funding: partners' own resources (or sponsors)





### Aim & objectives

- Collect and analyze comparable data on road safety performance & traffic safety culture
- Provide scientific support for road safety policy making at national and international levels
- Develop a series of reliable, costeffective and comparable road safety performance indicators
- Develop time series on road safety performance & traffic safety culture





# **Evolution & partners**



Funding is secured by the ESRA partners, from national or international sources.



### **ESRA3** methodology

Identical method & questionnaire - Online panel survey

#### ESRA3: 39 countries

- Total sample n = 37000
  - Aim at ≥1000 road users per country
  - Representative sample of the national adult population (18-74) based on age\*gender
- 49 national language versions
- 26 questions (>400 variables)
- LOI = 20 min







Calculation of weighted regional and national means



# **ESRA3** survey content

(over 400 variables collected)













motorcyclists

Cyclists

Pedestrians

E-scooters

Speeding





Distraction





Zzz G **Fatique** 

support for road safety policy measures

attitudes towards safe and unsafe traffic behaviour

enforcement of traffic laws

self-reported behaviour in traffic

subjective safety and risk perception

+VRU, escooters, infrastructure (new)

acceptability of safe and unsafe traffic behaviour

involvement in road crashes

regional questions HIC, LMIC (new)

**Contextual data** from external databases





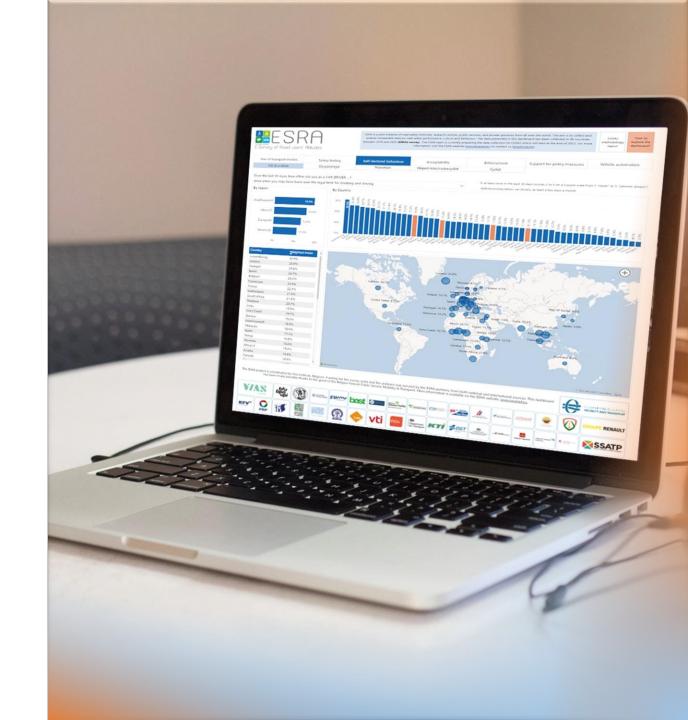
## ESRA3 results (2023)

#### Focus on Europe:

- Self-declared speeding behaviour
- Support for policy measures

Main source: ESRA3 dashboard.

https://www.esranet.eu/en/dashboard/



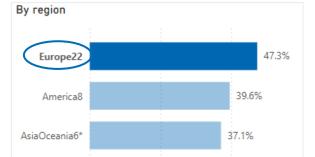


# Self-declared speeding inside built-up areas

Use of transport modes	Perceived safety	Self-declared behaviour	Acceptability	Enforcement	Support for policy measures	Infrastructure
Car as a driver	Car passenger	Pedestrian	Moped rider/motorcyclist	Cyclist	E-scooter rider	

Over the last 30 days, how often did you as a CAR DRIVER ...?

Drive faster than the speed limit inside built-up areas



<sup>\*</sup> AsiaOceania6 mean does not include Armenia, Kyrgyzstan, and Uzbekistan due to different methodology

20%

40%

% at least once in the past 30 days (scores 2 to 5 on a 5-point scale from 1 "never" to 5 "[almost] always")

Reference population: car drivers, at least a few days a month

Based on internet access panel survey

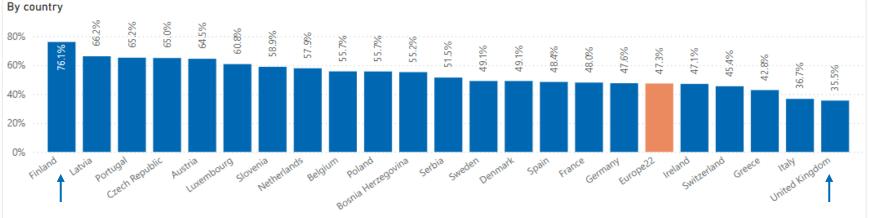


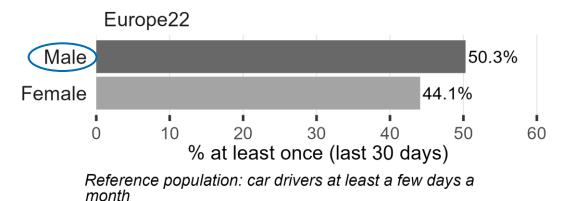
Figure: Self-declared speeding infractions as a car driver, by region and country (% at least once in the last 30 days).

Source: Vias institute. (2024).

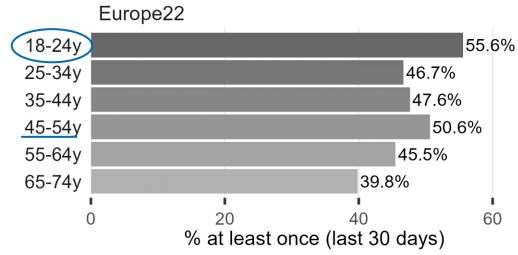




# SELF-DECLARED BEHAVIOUR AS A CAR DRIVER Drive faster than the speed limit inside built-up areas



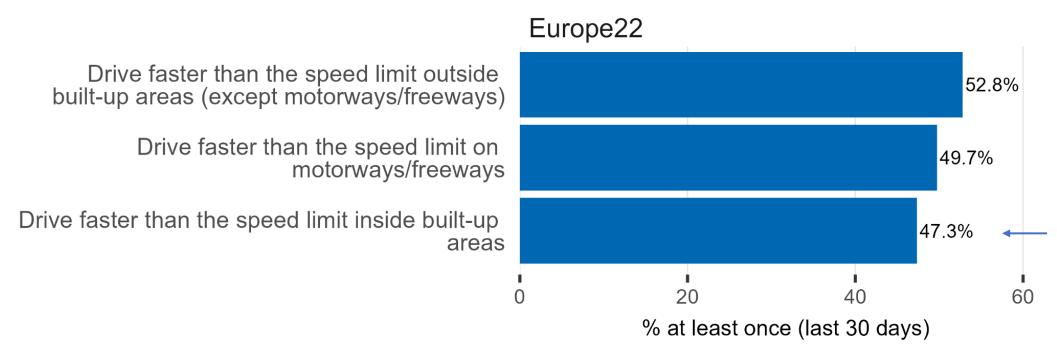
# SELF-DECLARED BEHAVIOUR AS A CAR DRIVER Drive faster than the speed limit inside built-up areas



Reference population: car drivers at least a few days a month







Reference population: car drivers at least a few days a month



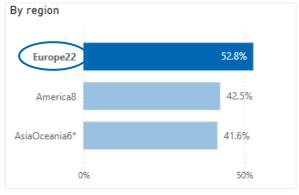
# Self-declared speeding outside built-up areas

Use of transport modes	Perceived safety	Self-declared behaviour	Acceptability	Enforcement	Support for policy measures	Infrastructure
Car as a driver	Car passenger	Pedestrian	Moped rider/motorcyclist	Cyclist	E-scooter rider	

Over the last 30 days, how often did you as a CAR DRIVER ...?

Drive faster than the speed limit outside built-up areas (except motorways/freeways)

% at least once in the past 30 days (scores 2 to 5 on a 5-point scale from 1 "never" to 5 "[almost] always")
Reference population: car drivers, at least a few days a month
Based on internet access panel survey



<sup>\*</sup> AsiaOceania6 mean does not include Armenia, Kyrgyzstan, and Uzbekistan due to different methodology

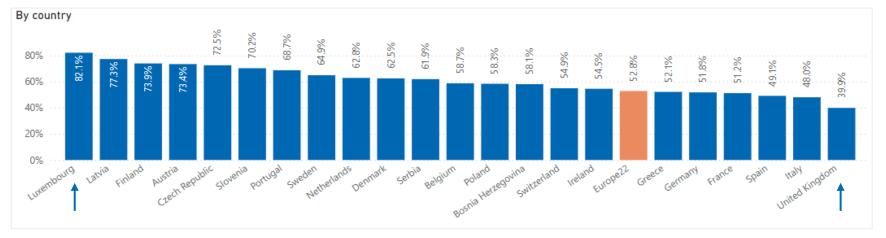


Figure: Self-declared speeding infractions as a car driver, by region and country (% at least once in the last 30 days).

Source: Vias institute. (2024).



# Self-declared speeding on motorways

Use of transport modes	Perceived safety	Self-declared behaviour	Acceptability	Enforcement	Support for policy measures	Infrastructure
Car as a driver	Car passenger	Pedestrian	Moped rider/motorcyclist	Cyclist	E-scooter rider	

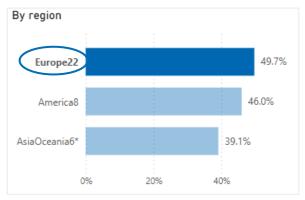
Over the last 30 days, how often did you as a CAR DRIVER ...?

Drive faster than the speed limit on motorways/freeways

% at least once in the past 30 days (scores 2 to 5 on a 5-point scale from 1 "never" to 5 "[almost] always")

Reference population: car drivers, at least a few days a month

Based on internet access panel survey



<sup>\*</sup> AsiaOceania6 mean does not include Armenia, Kyrgyzstan, and Uzbekistan due to different methodology

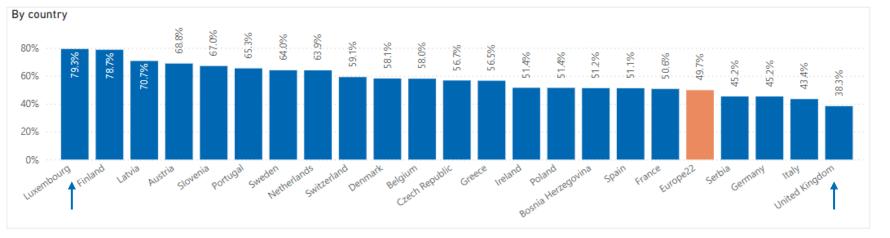


Figure: Self-declared speeding infractions as a car driver, by region and country (% at least once in the last 30 days).

Source: Vias institute. (2024).





## Support for 30 km/h speed limit in built-up areas

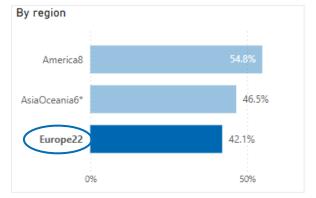


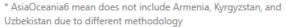
Use of transport modes	Perceived safety	Self-declared behaviour	Acceptability	Enforcement	Support for policy measures	Infrastructure
osc of transport modes	r crecived sarcty	Sell decidied beliavious	Acceptability	Emorcement	Support for policy fricasures	iiiiastructure

Do you oppose or support a legal obligation ...?

Limiting the speed limit to 30 km/h in all built-up areas (except on main thoroughfares)

% support (scores 4 to 5 on a 5-point scale from 1 "oppose" to 5 "support") Reference population: all road users Based on internet access panel survey





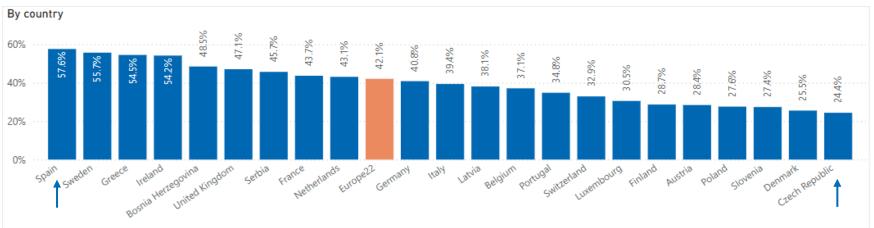


Figure: Support of policy measures against speeding, by region and country (% support).

Source: Vias institute. (2024).



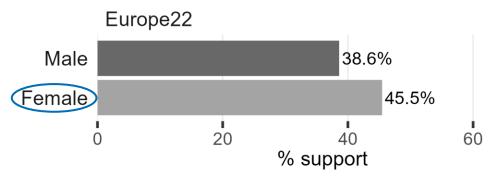


# Gender & age differences Support for 30 km/h speed limit in built-up areas



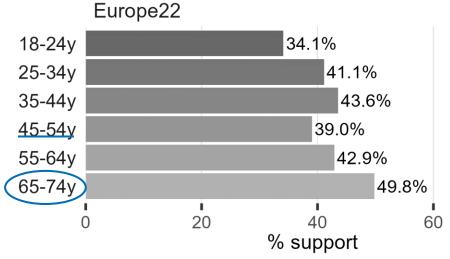
#### SUPPORT OF POLICY MEASURE

Limiting the speed limit to 30 km/h in all built-up areas (except on main thoroughfares)



Reference population: all road users

# SUPPORT OF POLICY MEASURE Limiting the speed limit to 30 km/h in all built-up areas (except on main thoroughfares)



Reference population: all road users





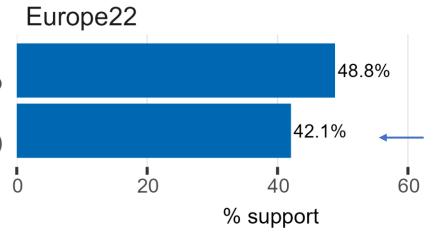
## Support for policy measures against speeding

Support for other topics, e.g.:

- zero-alcohol tolerance for all motorized drivers (66%)
- obligation to wear a helmet for all cyclists (65%) for children under 12y (83%)

Limiting the speed limit to a maximum of 80 km/h on all rural roads without a median strip

Limiting the speed limit to 30 km/h in all built-up areas (except on main thoroughfares)



Reference population: all road users





# Support for 80 km/h speed limit on all rural roads without a median strip



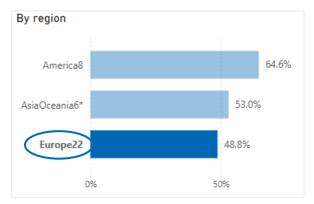
Use of transport modes	Perceived safety	Self-declared behaviour	Acceptability	Enforcement	Support for policy measures	Infrastructure

Do you oppose or support a legal obligation ...?

Limiting the speed limit to a maximum of 80 km/h on all rural roads without a median strip

% support (scores 4 to 5 on a 5-point scale from 1 "oppose" to 5 "support") Reference population: all road users

Based on internet access panel survey



<sup>\*</sup> AsiaOceania6 mean does not include Armenia, Kyrgyzstan, and Uzbekistan due to different methodology

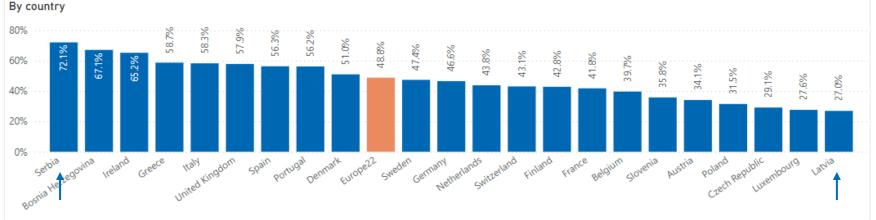


Figure: Support of policy measures against speeding, by region and country (% support).

Source: Vias institute. (2024).





# Take away!

- Strong variations across countries.
- Self-declared speeding behaviour is higher in Europe & associated with male gender and young age.
- Support for policy measures is lower in Europe & associated with female gender and older age.
- For more details on motivational factors behind speeding behaviour => Thematic Report Speeding (BASt).





#### Speeding

ESRA3 Thematic report Nr. 7





### **Key references**

- Vias institute. (2024). ESRA3 dashboard. <a href="https://www.esranet.eu/en/dashboard/">https://www.esranet.eu/en/dashboard/</a>
- Harkin, A. M., Nikolaou, D., Yannis, G. & Surges, F. (2024). Speeding. ESRA3
   Thematic report Nr. 7. ESRA project (E-Survey of Road users' Attitudes). (2024-R-28-EN). Federal Highway Research Institute Germany (BASt).
   <a href="https://www.esranet.eu/storage/minisites/esra2023thematicreportno7speeding.pdf">https://www.esranet.eu/storage/minisites/esra2023thematicreportno7speeding.pdf</a>
- Stelling, A., Schmidt, F. A. & Van der Kint, S. H. (2024) Support for policy measures and enforcement. ESRA3 Thematic report Nr. 9. ESRA project (E-Survey of Road users' Attitudes). (2023–T–03–EN). SWOV Institute for Road Safety Research.

https://www.esranet.eu/storage/minisites/esra2023thematicreportno9supportforpolicymeasuresandenforcement.pdf





Speedin

ESRA3 Thematic report Nr. 7



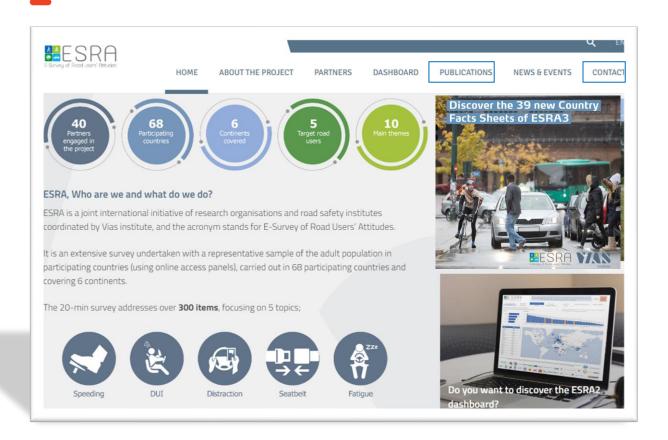




Support for policy measures and enforcement

ESRA3 Thematic report Nr. 9

## Stay tuned on ESRA via <u>www.esranet.eu</u>



#### **New results on ESRA3**

- 39 country fact sheets Jan 2024
- ESRA dashboard March 2024
- 13 Thematic reports now
- Final report January 2025
- 10 years ESRA conference June 2025
- Fieldwork next edition spring 2026
- Contact us to sign up for ESRA4!
- ESRA contact: <a href="mailto:esra@vias.be">esra@vias.be</a>
- Sign up for ESRA newsletter www.esranet.eu/en/contact/











# Thank you for your attention!

#### For more information:

**Uta Meesmann** 



**ESRA Project Manager** 

Vias institute

E-mail: <u>uta.meesmann@vias.be</u> & <u>esra@vias.be</u>

Website: www.esranet.eu



27-28 NOVEMBER 2024

KARLSRUHE (DE)



