

# EAFO Consumer monitor 2022

*The e-evolution, POLIS 19/06/2023*

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# EAFO Consumer monitor 2022

## Approach & results

- **Support policy makers EU: AFIR national/regional level**
- Consumers' intentions to adopt BEVs
- e-mobility and recharging behaviour
- Challenges & needs

### 10 countries

*Austria, Belgium, Germany  
Denmark, France,  
Hungary, Italy, Netherlands,  
Slovenia, Spain*

BEV	non-BEV	TOTAL
1,378	16,611	17,989



### EU aggregated results

- **The ‘EU BEV driver’**
- **Driving a BEV: BEV and non-BEV drivers ‘pros & cons’**
- **BEV drivers and public recharging infrastructure/AFIR**
  - Use
  - Needs
  - Issues
- **How can the EAFO consumer monitor support you?**
  - Understanding (potential) consumer needs
  - Identify opportunities, evaluate impact
  - Have a look, have a say!

## The EU BEV driver

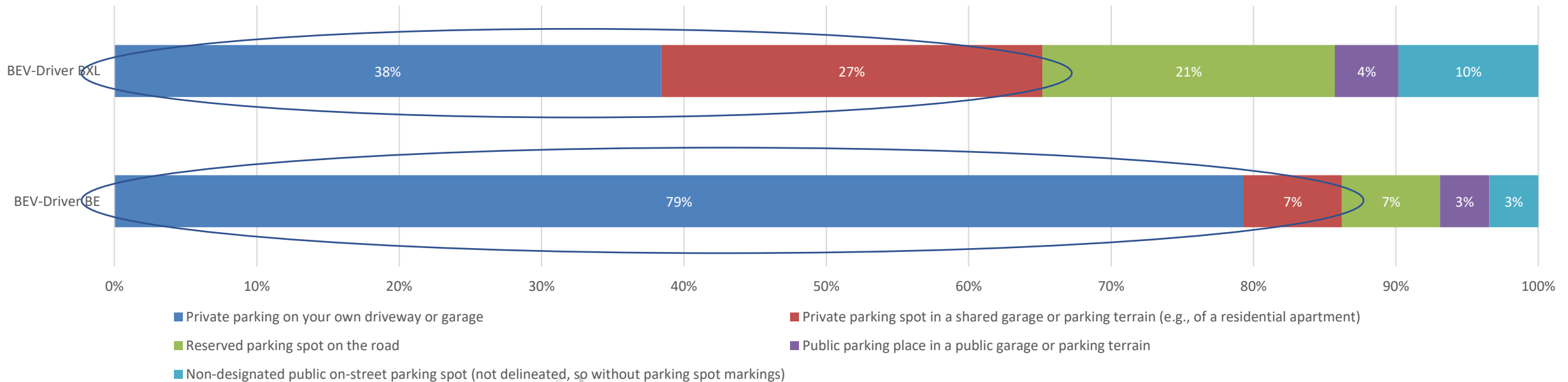
- 81%: Male
- 51%: 33-55 years old
- 39%: 2,000-3,999 €
- 50%: University or other higher education
- 62%: Detached house

**Need to consider groups less represented:** females, income, education, accommodation..

### National vs. local level (BE vs BXL)

- Car sharing (BXL)
- Frequency use public recharging infrastructure
- **Parking options BEV-drivers**

Parking options

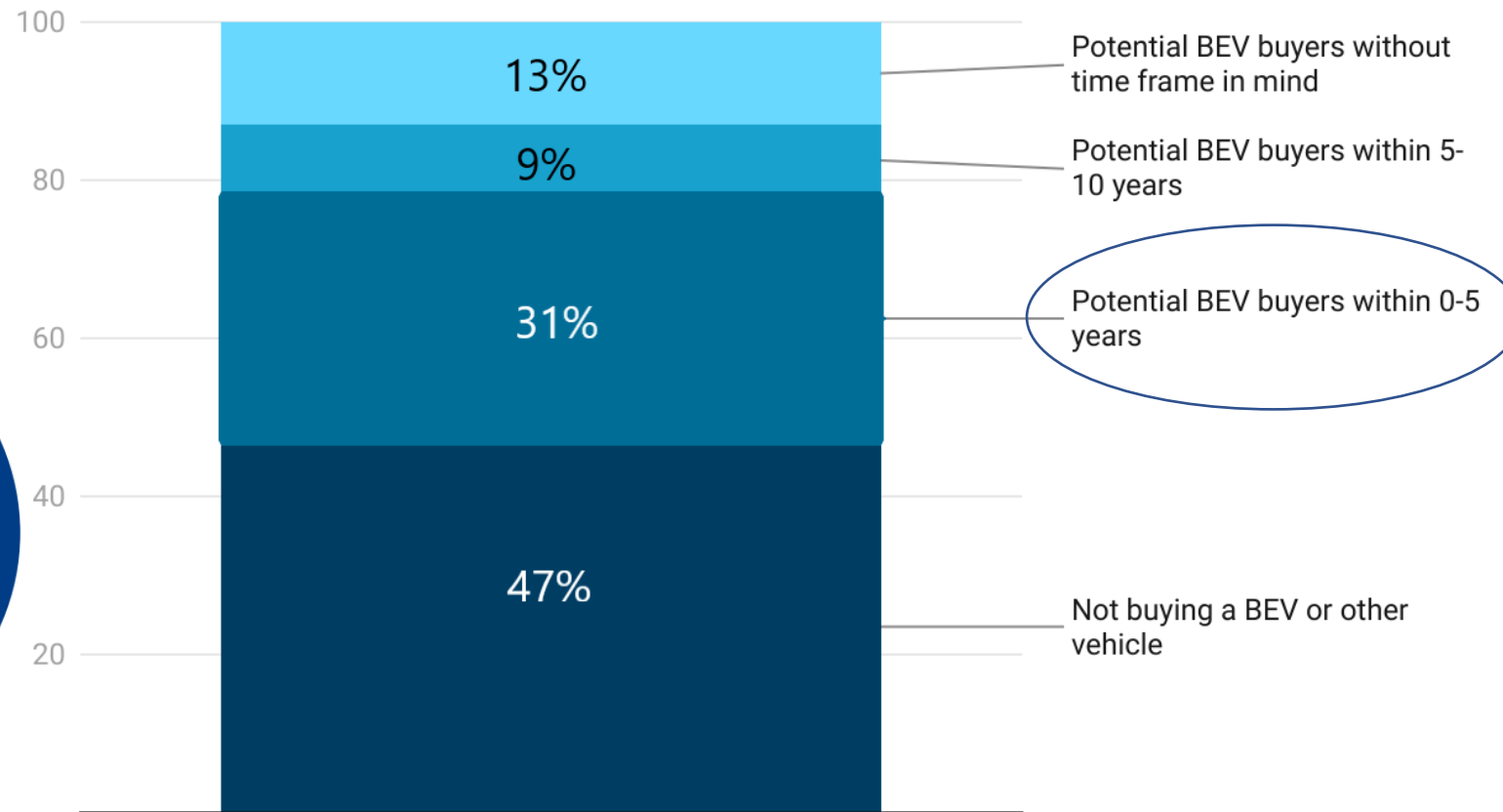


# EAFO Consumer monitor (EU results)

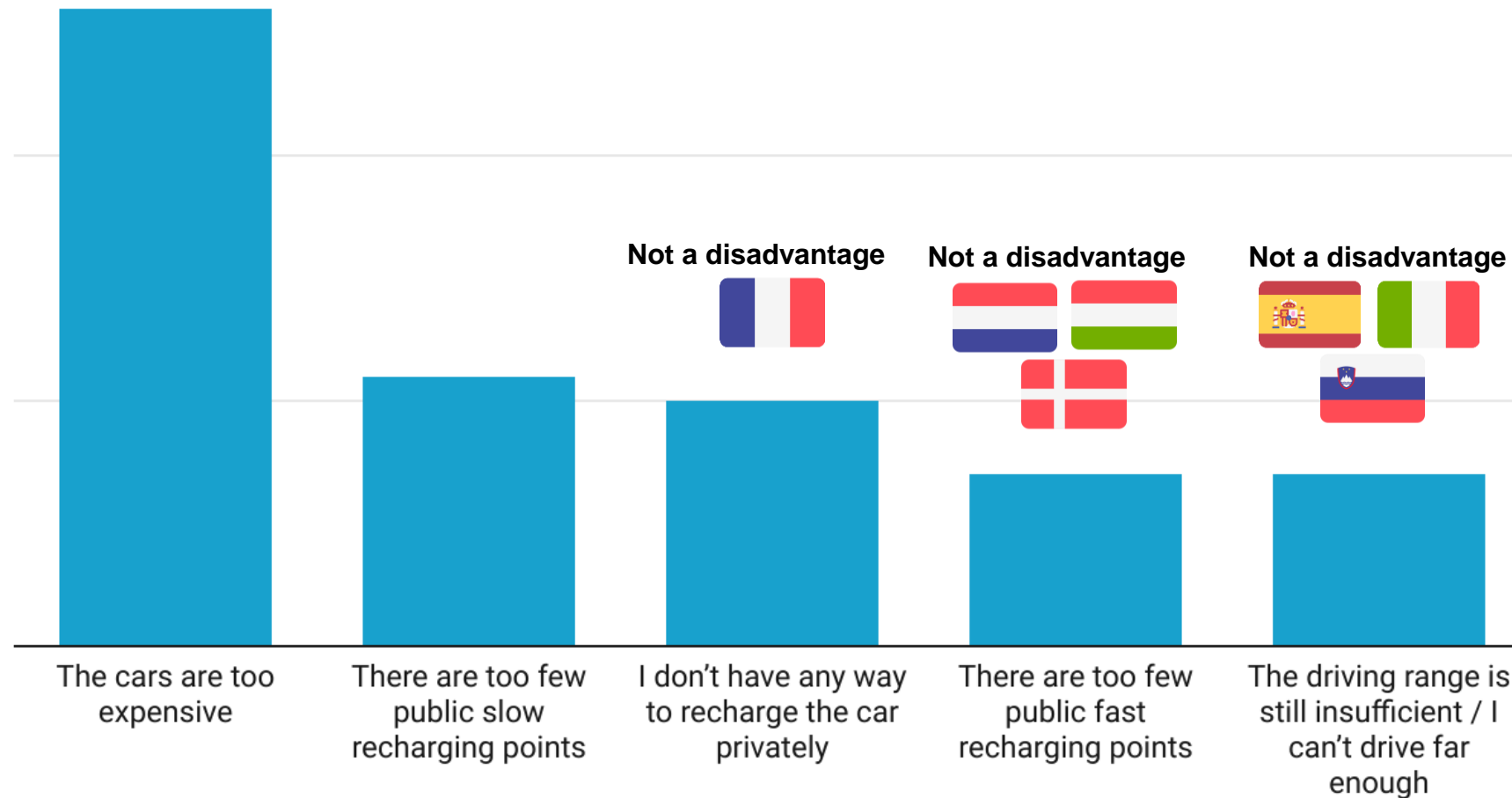
## BEV and non-BEV drivers pros



### Time frame to buy a BEV

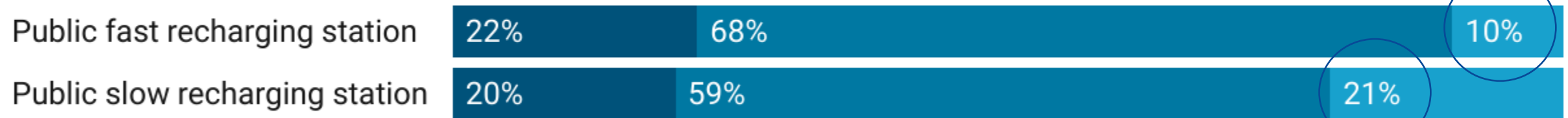


### Disadvantages driving a BEV



## Recharging infrastructure use frequency

■ Never   
 ■ Not often (in a month)   
 ■ Often (daily or per week)



### No private recharge?



### Charging at home often used (station/wallbox)



### Important characteristics public recharging infrastructure

	Ranking
<b>Recharging speed, so I can get the quickest possible recharge</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Easy access and payment via my recharging subscription (pass/app)</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Possibility to pay per kWh only</b>	<b>3</b>
Short/no waiting time to access the recharging point	4
<b>Clear and transparent price information</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Convenient on the spot payment options (e.g. debit/credit card)</b>	<b>6</b>
Possibility to do something else while your car recharges/amenities on site	7
Integrated cable	8



## Public recharging points main issues

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Not a clear overview public recharging points vicinity

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Don't know how long it will take to fully recharge my car

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Not sufficient choice between operators/mobility providers

### *Article 18*

#### *Data provisions*

1. Member States shall appoint an Identification Registration Organisation ('IDRO'). The IDRO shall issue and manage unique identification ('ID') codes to identify, at least operators of recharging points and mobility service providers, at the latest one year after the date referred to in Article 24.
2. Operators of publicly accessible recharging and refuelling points or, in accordance with the arrangement between them, the owners of those points, shall ensure the availability of static and dynamic data concerning alternative fuels infrastructure operated by them and allow accessibility of that data through the National Access Points at no cost. The following data types shall be made available:
  - (a) static data for publicly accessible recharging and refuelling points operated by them:
    - (i) geographic location of the recharging or refuelling point,
    - (ii) number of connectors,
    - (iii) number of parking spaces for people with disabilities,

# EAF0 consumer monitor key facts

Supporting electromobility policies & strategies

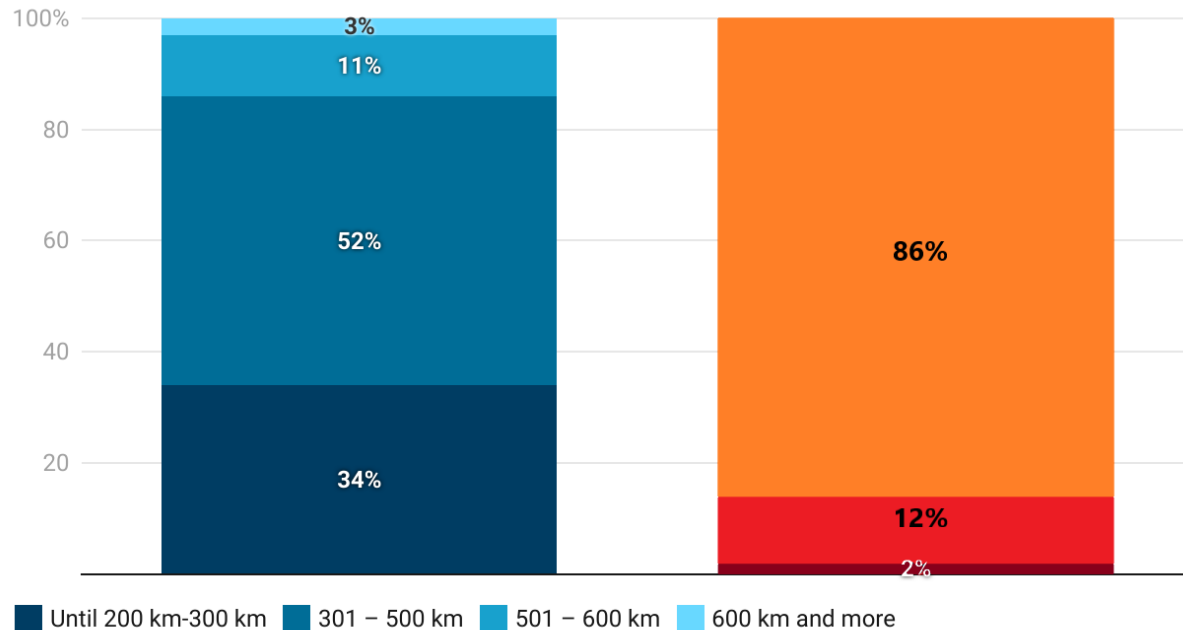
## Understand (potential) consumers' needs:

a. Batteries and/or driving range

b. Costs comparison with fossil fuel cars: 44% BEV purchase price 10,000-30,000 €

### Factory range

### Range satisfaction



### Filter Vehicles

Price (approx.)  Recharging speed  Range



Model: Dacia Spring Electric 45  
Available from: 07-2022  
Range: 165 km  
Efficiency: 15.20 kWh/100km  
Price (approx.): 22,200 €  
Battery size: 25.0 kWh  
Fastcharge speed: 180 km/h



Model: Dacia Spring Electric 65 Extreme  
Available from: 01-2023  
Range: 160 km  
Efficiency: 15.60 kWh/100km  
Price (approx.): 24,000 €  
Battery size: 25.0 kWh  
Fastcharge speed: 170 km/h



Model: e.Go e.wave X  
Available from: 12-2022  
Range: 150 km  
Efficiency: 18.00 kWh/100km  
Price (approx.): 25,000 €  
Battery size: 27.0 kWh

# EAF0 consumer monitor key facts

Supporting electromobility policies & strategies


## Understand (potential) consumers needs:

- a. Batteries and/or driving range
- b. Costs comparison with fossil fuel cars: TCO, leased/second-hand BEVs?


Home > Transport modes > Interactive map > Consumers > Policymakers > General information > Contact

Home > Consumer portal > Compare cost and CO2 emissions of passenger cars

### Compare cost and CO2 emissions of passenger cars



Segment C electric vehicle: Volkswagen ID.3 Pure Performance



Segment C gasoline vehicle: Volkswagen Golf Life 1.5 TSI OPF

Select the car segment you wish to compare

Segment C: Volkswagen ID.3 Pure Performance vs. Volkswagen Golf Life 1.5 TSI OPF

Select your country

Germany

Table 8: Mobility & ownership of car BEV driver (merged datasets)

Country	3 years to 5 years or longer as BEV driver	BEV drivers using vehicle daily / several times a week	Leased BEV (business or private)	BEV company car (if employee)	Privately owned BEV	New BEV	Second-hand BEV
Austria	42%	95%	29%	11%	60%	73%	27%
Belgium	11%	90%	17%	28%	55%	60%	40%
Denmark	15%	90%	3%	3%	94%	50%	50%
France	46%	99%	20%	3%	77%	77%	23%
Germany	20%	92%	26%	9%	65%	79%	21%
Hungary	47%	99%	16%	9%	75%	49%	51%
Italy	28%	91%	16%	13%	71%	87%	13%
Netherlands	28%	97%	21%	16%	63%	70%	30%
Slovenia	45%	93%	61%	8%	31%	60%	40%
Spain	63%	97%	4%	12%	84%	77%	23%
EU 10 countries	38%	97%	22%	8%	70%	67%	33%

# EAFO consumer monitor key facts

Supporting electromobility policies & strategies

## Identify opportunities, evaluate impact

- a. Second-hand BEVs
- b. Affordable leasing options
- c. New technologies
- d. Less represented groups
- e. **Financial incentives**

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## EU-AFIR

- Art. 20 Identification & data provision
- Choice between operators and mobility service providers
- Investing & funding innovation and deployment

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Table 7: Barriers and opportunities BEV driving (general population)

Country	Main disadvantage	% BEV potential drivers	Not aware of subsidies for electric driving	Existing financial incentive (end 2022) <sup>9</sup>
Austria		48%	34%	VAT deduction and exemption from tax for BEVs. No CO <sub>2</sub> tax. Purchase subsidies.
Belgium		47%	54%	Limited or exemption from registration and ownership taxes at the regional level. Federal deduction of investments for companies. Limited or exemption on road taxes.
Denmark		56%	49%	Registration tax reductions. Company car tax deduction. Taxes on ownership are based on CO <sub>2</sub> emissions.
France		40%	35%	Registration tax exemption. BEVs, FCEVs (fuel cell electric vehicles), and PHEVs (Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicles -with a range of > 50km) are exempt from the mass-based malus. Purchase subsidies. Exemption from CO <sub>2</sub> -based tax components.

Have a look, have a say [ec-alternative-fuels-observatory@ec.europa.eu](mailto:ec-alternative-fuels-observatory@ec.europa.eu)

1 EU report, 10 country reports, more  
detailed results & policies

[https://alternative-fuels-  
observatory.ec.europa.eu/](https://alternative-fuels-observatory.ec.europa.eu/)

**THANK YOU!**