



# The road to a BRT investment decision

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## Örebro

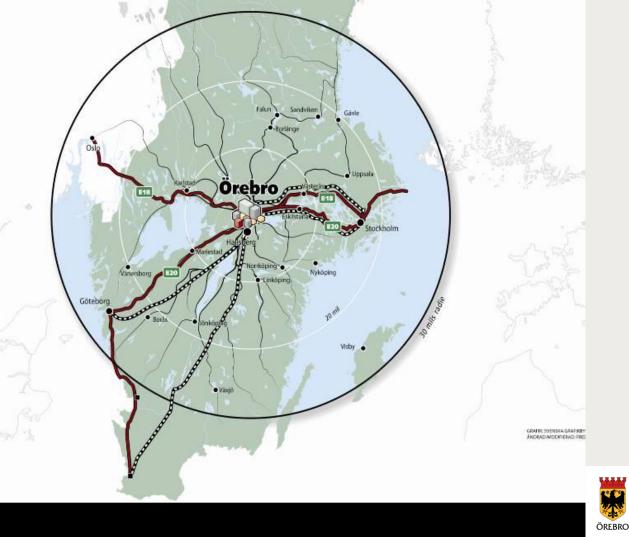
**155 000 inhabitants** +2000/yr, No. 6 in Sweden

Regional centre, 200 km west of Stockholm.

University with about 15 000 students.

A few large industries, many employees in trade and service sectors.

Logistical centre, both road and rail.



## Modal split: We are a cycling city!



Modal split (percent) in Örebro municipality according to the travel surveys in 2011 and 2017, and the municipality's modal split target for 2020



## Population: We are a growing city!

#### Prognosis:

Increase by 50 000 up to year 2040.

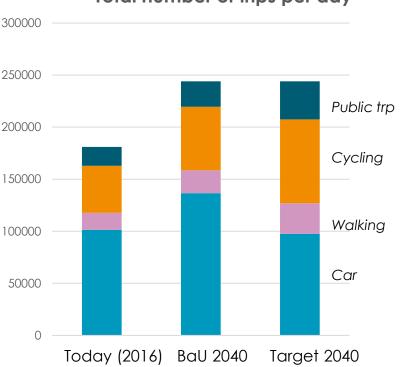
#### **Business as Usual:**

Same travel habits as today means plus 35% for all transport modes.

#### If we reach our target for 2040:

- Trips with public transport, bike and walking will double but...
- the number of car trips will be the same as today!

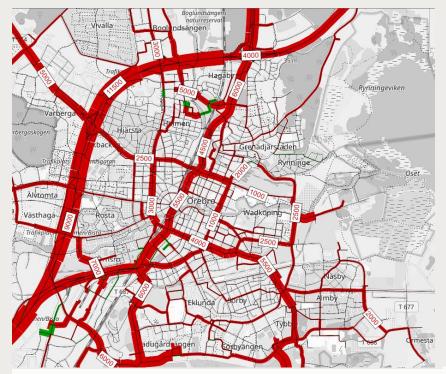
To remain an accessible and attractive city we need to prioritize space-efficient and sustainable transport modes.



#### Total number of trips per day



## Modelling of car traffic in the city year 2040 (VISUM)



No change in modal split. **Red** = increase compared to 2016.

Rynningeviken Älvtomta Wadköping Västhag Eklunda dugardsängen

Modal split target achieved. Green = decrease compared to 2016.



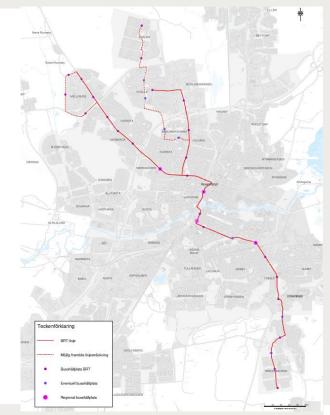






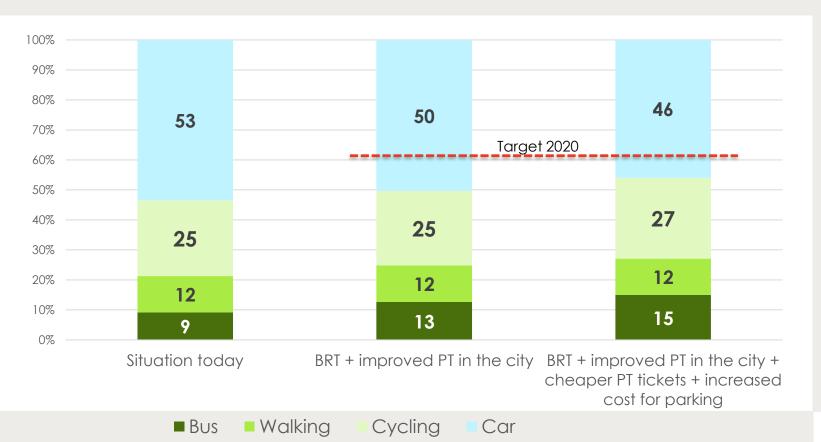
## The BRT project very briefly

- First part to be built in 2021–2025.
- Total distance 7 kilometres.
- On about half the distance the busiest part – the buses will have own lanes and receive priority in traffic signals.
- Estimated cost for the first part is 18–25 million euros, of which half comes from governmental funding.





## Will BRT be enough to reach our targets?





## Additional measures already decided



- Substantial increase in parking taxes.
- Investigation of a new city bus network

#### Still more needed to reach targets!

- An attractive and dense city.
- Lower speed for car traffic.
- Signal priority for walking and cycling.
- Reduced space for car parking.
- Incentives from national level.



## Summary – lessons learnt

- 1. Modelling results and illustrations important tools to visualize :
- the need for action
- what can be achieved in terms of accessibility and attractiveness (story telling)
- The impact of different measures, giving a roadmap for further action.
- 2. Backcasting can also help us to set better targets in the future.











## **Further information**

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#### Read also our article in Thinking Cities #15! ③

https://www.polisnetwork.eu/news-events/thinking-cities/



