Shaping Efficient Travel Patterns through Cross Sectoral Policy and Service Planning







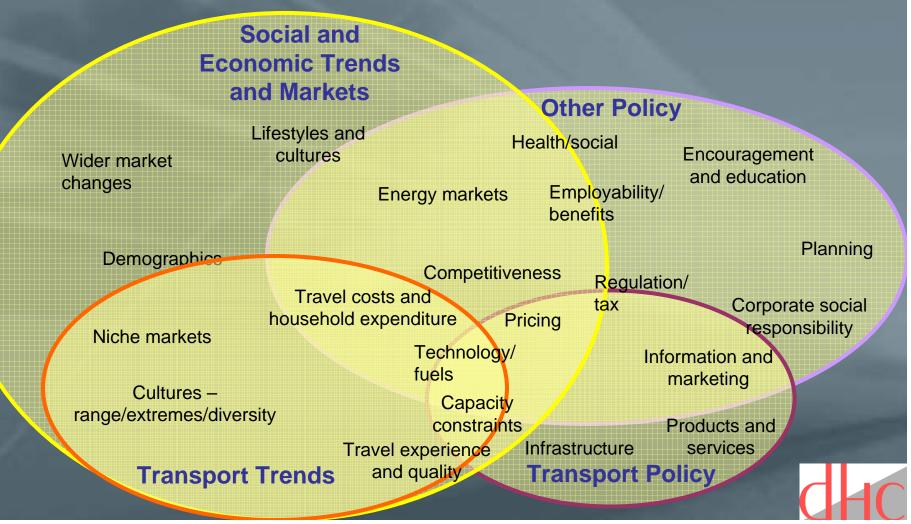
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Joining up the Transport Economy

- Transport policy impacts are relatively low
 - £20billion out of £200+billion

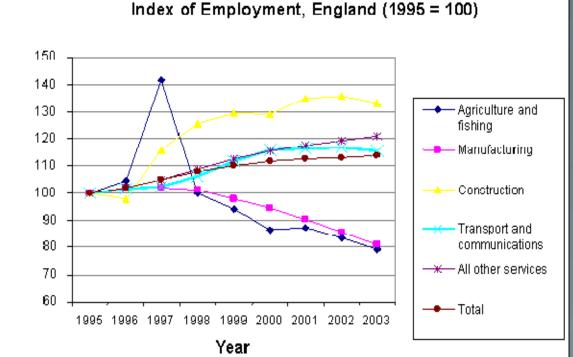


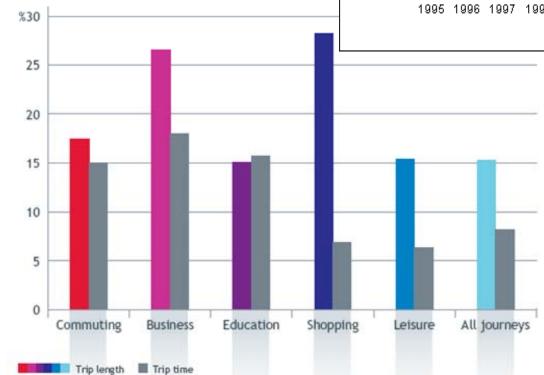
What is Efficient Travel?

- How much travel demand do we want?
 - More or less?
 - A larger transport economy?
 - Car economy, transport economy
 - Or the glue for the wider economy
- Sustainability
 - Structure not just the connections
 - Diversification of transport planning
 - Towards the future



The Glue Joining up the Economy





Understanding why people make longer trips



Closing the Policy Gap

- What is the shared transport vision?
- What are the needs of people/businesses?
- Public views change rapidly
 - Infrastructure takes decades new vehicles?
- Policies for voters, citizens and consumers

Unstable gap between transport aims and public understanding – delivery?



Policy for Sustainable Transport

Conventional transport planning	Sustainable travel planning
Mobility	Accessibility
Traffic focus	People focus
Road and rail links	Connecting people and places
Forecast demand	Planned demand
Travel time minimisation	Accessibility maximisation
Separate modes	Integration
Segregation	Sharing
Single sector	Cross sector
Improved vehicle efficiency	New types of efficient vehicles

Access, Efficiency, Information and Flexibility



Knowledge Based Policy We measure these **Travel** The economy and society demand Who What When Where How Why Cross sectoral approaches need to consider these

A Focus on People

Social groups

Residents, 0 car households, Mobility impaired, Unemployed people, people in poor health

Journey planners

Accessibility

Networks

Physical

Environmental

Safety

Cost

Environment

Markets Facility provider Agencies catchment tools

Destinations

Transport land use providers Jobs, Hospitals, Pharmacies, Cash machines, Post offices, Legal advice, Medical centres, Food shops, Supermarkets, Regional centres, Transport hubs, Schools, Colleges

Transport and Accessibility Planning **Travel demand Accessibility** analysis analysis **Accessibility indicators** Accessibility User benefit (destination, people) benefit analysis analysis **Location and Location and transport Transport Location and** transport planning transport planning planning by non investment by residents transport public by businesses plans agencies

National Accessibility Statistics

- Origin (neighbourhood)
 - Travel times to shops, jobs, GPs, hospitals
 - Opportunities accessible
 - number of jobs, choice of schools, etc
- Destination (authorities/areas)
 - % of population within catchments of essential services
 - Employment centres, hospitals, gps, foodstores, schools, colleges

http://www.dft.gov.uk/pgr/statistics/datatablespublications/ltp/coreaccessindicators2008

A Key Resource?

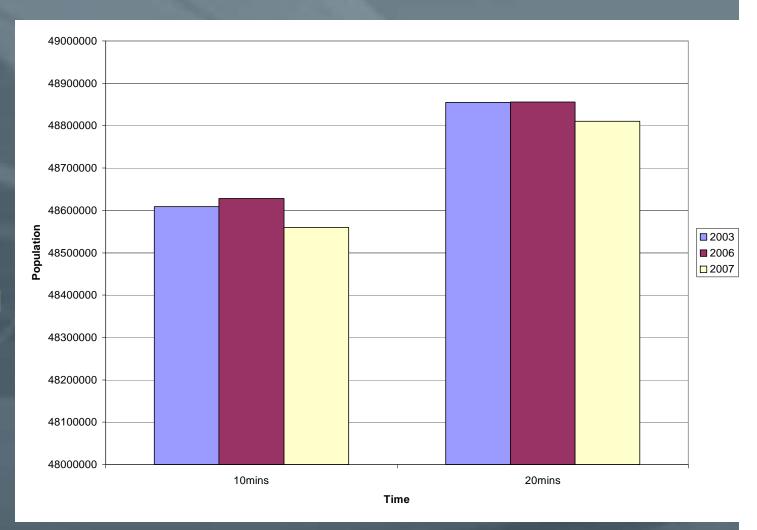


Monitoring and Policy

- Deprivation Identifying gaps in transport networks
- Health service planning locations of pharmacies and GPs
- Legal aid network of providers
- Rural services post office and cash machines
- Travel time analysis does not provide all of the answers – but is a major step

Pharmacies

- Charting the policy change
- Modelling the market



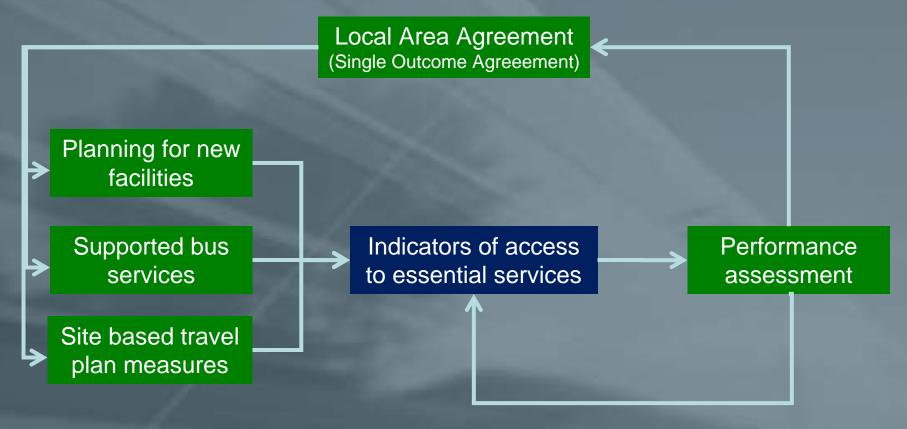


Land Use Planning

- Tackling the drift to inaccessible locations
 - Land has a value and so does accessibility
- Recognising competing demands on planners
 - A quantitative approach
 - Comparable assessments
 - Competition for development
 - Transparency impacts on people
- Still more failure than success
 - Measures a tool for those who want them



Accessibility and Funding



- National and local measurement
 - Core national time based accessibility indicators
 - Local data issues



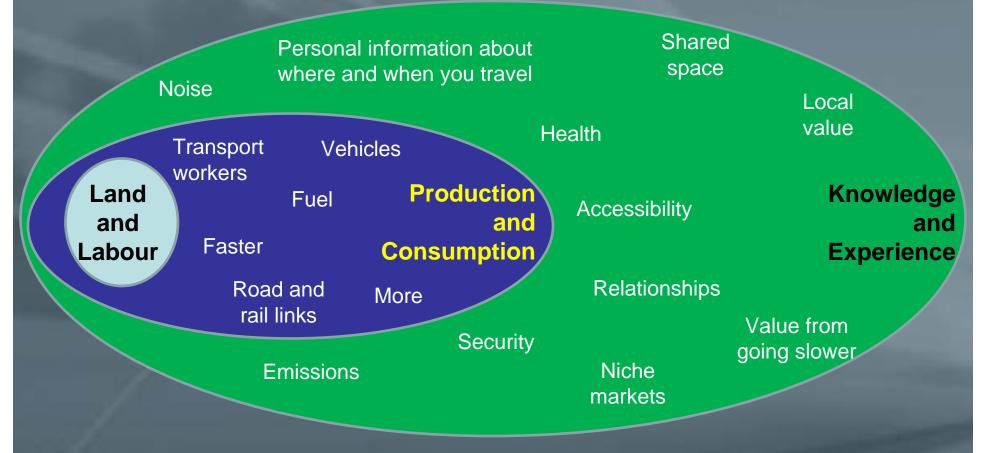
The best way to predict the future is to shape it

- Pre 1800 Land and Labour
 - People and places, social networks
- 1800-2000 Energy/production/ consumption
 - Corporate and business information structures
- 2000 onwards Knowledge and Experience
 - Links between people, places and opportunities
 - Personalisation and electronic networking

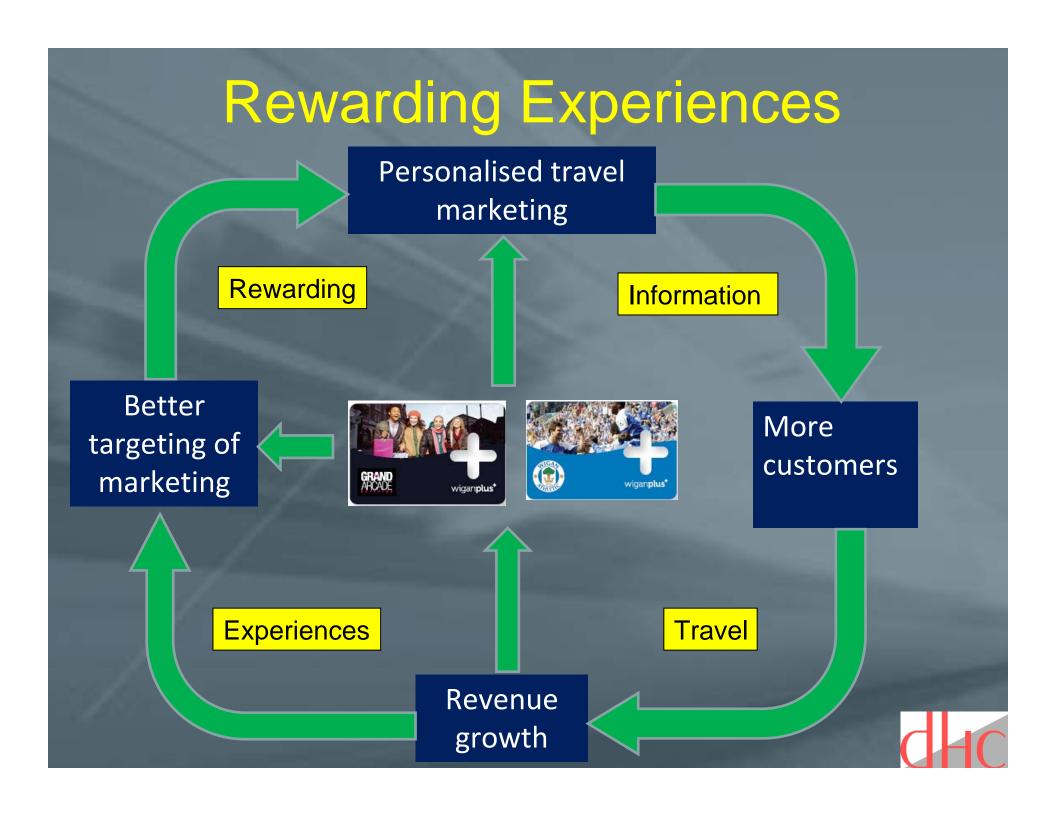


Transport Market Failure

It is getting noisier, people are getting less healthy, personal security and freedom are threatened, emissions are increasing



Trading in New Transport Markets



Evidence to Deliver

- Beyond the mitigation culture
 - More than travel patterns viable markets
 - Congestion, noise, emissions......
- What do we want to achieve
 - Accessibility, employability, social capital, health.....
- Use stakeholder knowledge
 - 'How can we help' derived demand

Shaping a Sustainable Future



People, Places and Connections

Capacity of People and businesses Do we plan the Is transport transport for the an people or issue? change the people to **Accessibility** fit the transport? Transport to places or change **Opportunities Transport and** where the and activities communications activities are located?

Integrating Transport – A Joint Approach to Planning the Dimensions of Access